

COLUMBIAN OBSERVER.

EQUAL RIGHTS, HONEST AGENTS, AND AN ENLIGHTENED PEOPLE.

PUBLISHED BY S. SIMPSON & J. CONRAD, No. 55, CHESTNUT STREET.

Vol. III.]

PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 1, 1824.

[No. 182.]

TERMS.

DAILY PAPER, eight dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

COUNTRY PAPER, three times a week, at five dollars per annum, payable in advance.

Advertisements carefully and conspicuously inserted, at fifty cents per square for the first insertion, and thirty cents per square for every subsequent insertion, with a deduction of twenty per cent. to subscribers.

If an advertisement exceeds a square more than five lines, it will be charged as two squares.

* Communications must come free of postage to insure attention.

No subscription will be received to the *Columbian Observer* for less than six months, and no subscription discontinued but at the end of the semi-annual term, upon the full payment of arrears. Those who discontinue without paying, will be considered as subscribers until their dues are liquidated.

Education for the Deaf & Dumb.

The Philadelphia Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb, being now completely organized, and under the care of DAVID G. SEIXAS, an experienced teacher of that description of persons, is ready for the reception of pupils. Applications made by parents or guardians to any of the undersigned gentlemen, will meet with prompt attention.

RICHARD POVALLE, No. 115, South Ninth street.

WASHINGTON JACKSON, No. 75, South Eighth street.

WILLIAM PRICE, No. 36, North Ninth street.

N. C. NANCHEDE, corner of Fifth and Powell streets.

JOHN SWIFT, No. 31 South Fifth street.

Committee of General Superintendence.

Money to Loan on Mortgage.

A number of sums to loan on property within the city and county of Philadelphia: 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000, 5000, 10,000, 15,000, 20,000 dollars. Those sums above ten thousand can be had for five per cent. For further particulars apply to

P. J. Wiltbohn, No. 149 Walnut street.

INTELLIGENCE.

Families and others, wishing to obtain Servants, or persons of any description, of either sex or color, who are well recommended, are informed they can at all times be supplied with such, by calling or sending to the Philadelphia Intelligence Office, No. 7, North Sixth street.

Money Lent, at 6 per cent.

All sums not less than \$1000, may be had for 6 per cent. per annum, on bank or government stock, Warehouse, Plate, &c. On sums from \$100 to \$1000 commission and insurance will be charged. Sums from \$1 to \$1000, the same as the other Brokers charge.

The proprietor has conducted the above business for upwards of 10 years, in this city, to the satisfaction of his customers, and will give the most respectable references as to property and character, to the Cashier of one of our city banks, and other gentlemen of high standing in society.

Mark this, Insolvents.

Those who intend making application for the benefit of the existing insolvent laws, are informed, that they can have their petitions carefully and legally executed for two dollars. Likewise, all other writings drawn or engrossed on similar law terms, at No. 7, North Sixth street, a few doors above Market street.

Farms and City Property for Sale.

A great variety of valuable and highly improved Country and City Property for Sale, very cheap, apply to

John Weaver & Co. Brokers and Land Agents, No. 84 Arch street.

Money to Loan on Mortgage.

\$27,000 to Loan on approved security, at legal interest, in sums from \$500 to \$2000, for particular apply to

John Weaver & Co. Brokers and Land Agents, No. 84 Arch street.

LEROUX, DYER & SCOURER,

FROM PARIS. Respectfully informs the Public, That he carries on the Dyeing & Scouring in all its various branches, at No. 25, Branch street, above Race, Between Third and Fourth streets, Philadelphia.

Dyes all kinds of Cloth, Silk, Satins, Woollens, Worsted Cottons, Linen, Crapes, Straw Hats, either in Flat or made up, all sorts of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dresses—Shawls dyed in various colours, according to the pattern given; also Scouring, Coats, Vests, and Pantalons—the informing the Cotton Manufacturers, that he is prepared to Dye Cotton Yarn of all kinds of Fancy Colours.

All who feel disposed to have Dyeing or Scouring done, may rest assured that it will be executed in the best manner, and punctually.

Franklin Circulating Library.

Removed from 61, South Second street, to No. 48, South Third street, where may be had all the new publications, with a good selection of standard Novels, Tales, Romances, History, Voyages, Travels, &c. &c.

SUBSCRIBERS

Pay \$5 per annum, \$3 for 6 months, \$1 50 for 3 months, and are entitled to 1 set of books, and 1 piece of music at a time.

NON-SUBSCRIBERS

May obtain books at 65 cts. per volume for a week.

Beware of Extravagance!

C. F. FOLWELL

Respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed from No. 605, Union street, to No. 124, North Fifth street, three doors below Pine street—where Tailoring in all its branches will be executed with neatness and fashion, exceedingly low for cash.

New Novels for Old,

Will be exchanged, or purchased, at No. 48, South Third street.

A CURIOSITY.

A Mr. Gibbs, Lottery Broker of this city, has been recently exhibiting in this state a curious piece of mechanism, said to be the work of an Italian artist. It consists of a box four inches long, three wide, and two deep, of fine gold. On one end is a small box, on the other a lid open and disengaged an eight day time piece, which, besides striking the hours and quarters, plays a number of beautiful tunes. But the most wonderful part is, that on setting a spring, a picture on the top of the box rises slowly, and discovers a rich ascending from below. The bird is about an inch in length, of plumage the most rich, and yet the most artificial. It sings with astonishing sweetness, and accompanied its voice with all those motions common to a living bird; its head turns from side to side, its little bill opens and its throat swells at every note, and its wings and tail spread and contract during its songs. After finishing and repeating its strain, it drops upon its golden nest, descends to its rest, and the lid gently closes to its place.

TUITION

In French and Italian.

JOSEPH TOGNO.

Gentle for the liberal patronage he has received during his short residence in this city, thinks he cannot better testify his gratitude to an enlightened public, than by again offering his services, for the diffusion of polite literature among them.

His mode of instruction unites all the improvements made within these 25 years. He believes the best method is to explain every difficulty at the commencement of each lesson, and thus the progress of the learner is greatly facilitated. Moreover, by simply teaching 40 terminations, the pupil will possess a dictionary equal, at least, to two-thirds of the languages. The verbs, likewise, which are so difficult in all languages, have been so simplified as to be learnt comparatively with very little trouble. The pronunciation of these languages has till now been acquired with great difficulty, for want of method; but his mode of teaching it obviates all difficulties, and will enable his pupils to four lessons, to pronounce well with certainty, and to the pupils no small satisfaction, and able to write themselves. He can produce abundant proofs to satisfy the most sceptic on this interesting subject.

For further information, call at No. 44, in South Sixth street, Philadelphia.

Insolvents.

Books and Petitions legally and carefully drawn, for Insolvents, at No. 7, North Sixth street, one door below South Alley, near Market street.

MEDICAL AID.

DOCTOR CORNWELL.

Who is a member of the College of Surgeons of London, and who has had much experience in the line of his profession, both as surgeon in the Army of England, in the French war, as well as in the Army of America, by special appointment at one time, and Jefferson in France, London, in England, and America—is now in this city, and may be found at his office,

No. 28, Church Alley.

Six doors from the corner of Third street—it will be remembered that Church Alley runs from Second to Third streets, between Market or High street and Christ Church, his name on the door, his sign a gilt Mortar over the door, and will wait on those with care and attention, that please to apply for his medical aid in the different branches of Surgery and the practice of Physic generally, as also in all cases of impotency, and a certain complaint in men, and in women, in which he has had great, very great experience, in the cure of thousands, without an hour's detention from business, or change of diet, or a possible discovery by the most intimate friend; and in all cases of confidence, the greatest secrecy will be strictly observed.

N. B. He has no shopman, or any person in his office with him; and those at a distance describing their case, and enclosing a fee, will be carefully and honourably attended to, and Medicine put up for the same, and sent agreeable to order. All letters must be post paid.

Attendance will be given from sunrise until 10 o'clock in the evening.

Globe Tavern.

For sale, the Globe Mill Tavern in the North 2nd Liberties, on the Second street Road, opposite Crags' Manufactory. The house is large and commodious, 12 by 52, finished in a neat and substantial manner, with a cellar under the whole; convenient stables, sheds, smith shop, and other buildings in good repair. The lot is 30 by 21 feet, fronting on Cadwalader street. The lot is well enclosed with good fence; the stand is considered good, and in a neighbourhood which is rapidly improving. This property will be sold at a reduced price by applying to

John Weaver, Land Agent, 108, Arch street.

25,000 Dollars Wanted Immediately.

On unincumbered property, which recently cost fifty-six thousand dollars; the interest will be paid half yearly. For particulars apply to

John Weaver & Co. 81 Arch street.

Country Merchants.

Will find it their interest before purchasing any article in the Book and Stationery Line, to call at

J. GRIGGS'

Cheap Cash, Wholesale Book and Stationery Store.

No. 9, North Fourth street, opposite Yobe's Hotel, and examine his stock and prices. As his purchases are made at auction, and for cash at private sale, he feels confident they will prove satisfactory to those who may favour him with a call. His terms are Cash or City Acceptances.

April 17—1824

Promissory Notes.

THAT are Negotiable, discounted, and Money procured on security, at No. 7, North Sixth street, a few doors above Market, by

CHARLES P. LISLE, Broker, &c.

An Imperial Press Wanted.

Any person having on hand a second hand IMPERIAL PRESS, 40 inches wide, with iron bed, and one that works well, may have it purchased on application to the Editors of the *Columbian Observer*.

LAND OFFICE.

The Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he continues the Conveyancing, Land Agency, and Commission business, at the old and established stand, No. 149, Walnut street, where a Register of Real Estate is kept for insertion and inspection, of country and city property, where upwards of one hundred and twenty first rate farms are for sale. Likewise a number of houses and lots in this city. Money can always be had on good property in the city—Conveyances, and all kinds of writing executed with neatness and despatch, also, taxes received for military bounty lands in the state of Illinois and Territory of Arkansas, those that have been sold for the tax in Illinois, can also be redeemed, of which a list is to be seen at the office. The subscriber hopes by a strict attention to business, that he will receive a share of public patronage.

P. J. Wiltbohn's

Land Office, 149 Walnut street.

White Beans.

Two hundred bushels just received and for Sale by

D. W. Prescott, No. 65, S. Front street.

STORE STAND.

For Sale, a well built two story stone dwelling house and two story stone kitchen, adjoining (near new) a good frame barn, and a well of excellent water with a pump at the kitchen door, and every other convenience; an excellent orchard, and about 7 acres of land, part bottom meadow, through which a stream runs at all seasons. The house is finished in a superior style for a country house, and is very pleasantly situated in a healthy and populous neighborhood, it stands at the intersection of the road leading from Doylestown to Norristown and the county line dividing Bucks from Montgomery; it is two miles north of Montgomery Square, five from Doylestown, and twenty-two from Philadelphia. It is the best stand for a Store in that part of the country. For further particulars apply to

Mortimer & Wiltbohn, Land Agents, No. 149 Walnut street.

N. B. 20 or 30 acres of arable land adjoining can be purchased at \$25 per acre.

Frankford Property for Sale.

And worthy of attention. That highly valuable property very beautifully situated in the borough of Frankford, 5 miles from the city of Philadelphia.

Consisting of a certain Stone House and lot or piece of ground, on the northwesterly side of the main street, beginning at a stake seven feet distance from the curb-stone, thence by the same north twenty eight paces, east four paces and

of L. De Carpenter, north fifty-six degrees thirty-five minutes, west eighty paces and twenty eight hundredths of a perch to a post, thence by lands of Alexander Martin, south twenty-eight degrees, west six paces and two tenths, and south sixty-five degrees and three quarters, east eight paces and twenty-eight hundredths to the place of beginning, containing forty-five and nine tenths square perches of land. The buildings and improvements are in excellent repair.

The above described property has been for some time occupied as a store, and would be an eligible situation for a Tavern or gentleman's country residence. A great bargain can be had in the purchase of this property, by making application to

JOHN WEAVER & Co. Land Agents, 84 Arch street.

German Almanacs, for 1825.

Are just received and for Sale by the single dozen, or gross, at J. GRIGGS' cheap, cash Book store, No. 9, North Fourth street.

July 31—1824

A Valuable Farm and Mill

For sale, situated on Pigeon creek, Coventry township, Chester county, one mile from Schuylkill Canal, 32 miles from Philadelphia. The improvements consist of one Stone Grind Mill, 60 feet by 40, with three pairs of stones, and a sufficiency of water. Also a saw mill and clover mill in good repair; two two story stone dwelling houses, 31 by 21 feet, twelve acres of woodland, and any number of acres of improved land to suit a purchaser. For particulars apply to

John Weaver & Co. Land Agents, No. 84 Arch street.

Ridge Road Property.

For sale that beautiful and highly improved Country Seat, situated on Hart's Lane, opposite the Robin Hood Tavern, 4 miles from the city, containing 14 acres of good land, in the highest state of cultivation, divided into small and convenient fields, with good fences. The improvements consist of a substantial well built two story stone mansion, stone barn, carriage house, &c. &c. all in good repair; excellent garden well stored with valuable plants and shrubbery; superior apple orchard, with all other fruit trees natural to the climate, in their variety. The above described property is very handsomely situated, and remarkably healthy neighborhood, having abundant supply of good water, and will be sold a very great bargain upon accommodating terms. For particulars apply to

John Weaver & Co. Land Agents, No. 84 Arch street.

A Great Bargain.

Castle Street Property. For Sale; that well finished two story Brick House, situated on the South side of Castle street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, two large rooms on a floor, cellar kitchen, garrets are finished, and lot of ground 20 feet front by 87 in depth. The hydrant water is about being introduced into the yard. This property will be sold very cheap, it is one of the most improving parts of the city, subject to a yearly rent charge of \$35. Apply to

J. Weaver & Co. No. 84 Arch street.

Wanted to Hire Immediately.

A young man to take care of a horse and gig, &c. one who can come well recommended—Apply at No. 270 North 2nd street.

GERMAN HEDGES.

Plain and twisted German silk Hedges, Black and White Gingham, French and India Watercloths, French and figured Watercloths. Just received and for sale by KILBURN & LECHEART, Oct 8—1824

LA FAYETTE FLASKS.

Flat Pocket Bottles, with the likeness of General La Fayette, and on the reverse the "United States Coat of Arms," are now blowing at the Kensington Glass Works, and for sale at the North East corner of Second and Race streets, where orders will be received and executed at the shortest notice, by

T. W. Dyott.

Sept. 9—1824

"MEDICAL HALL."

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

2681 acres of land, situated in Tingo county, Pennsylvania, on the waters of the second fork of Pine creek, which are upland, not mountainous, subdividing flat of thirty miles square, and as good as new and maple land generally are.

It is divided into four lots or farms, of 270 acres each, having a mill site on each lot, and distance at present, about 10 miles from Wellborough, the county town, but will be lessened to six miles, by means of a new road about to be made by the county, running from Blockhouse to Wellborough, distance from Peter's Camp four miles; from Covington three miles; from Mansfield seven miles, and twenty from Newtown, where there is a canal now laid out.

There is a grist mill at Blockhouse, another and a saw mill at Wellborough, a grist mill between Medical Hall and Covington, a saw mill between Covington and Mansfield, say 5 miles from Medical Hall, and a saw and falling mill at Mansfield. The neighborhood is thickly settled, equally distant from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

These lands will be sold a great bargain. Title indisputable, and taxes all paid. For further particulars apply to

P. I. Wiltbohn, July 27—1824, at August, 149 Walnut street.

SCYTHES.

Waldron's, Mullin's, Griffin's, and Fox's Corn and Grass Scythes.

And a large and general assortment of Hardware and Cutlery, for sale by the subscriber, at reduced prices, for cash or acceptance.

Allen Armstrong, No. 112, Market near Third street.

April 19

La Fayette Bedding Warehouse.

At the North-west corner of Seventh and Chestnut streets.

The Public are respectfully informed that the proprietors, wishing to embark for New York before the cold weather approaches, are now SELLING OFF their entire stock, very low for cash.

Consisting of

Elegant Feather Beds, Bolsters, and Pillows, and all the necessary furniture, Bed Ticks, English and American, &c. &c.

Sept 10

NEW WORK PATTERNS.

Of latest fashion, just received and for Sale at the CIRCULATING LIBRARY, No. 61 South Second street.

April 24

A CARD.

SAMUEL HEMMELWRIGHT, late of the firm of Hemmelmeyer and Partner, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed from No. 100 North Third street, to the N. W. corner of Seventh and Chestnut streets, where he will be happy to wait on his former customers and the public in general. Having now entered into co-partnership with one who stands first as a manufacturer of bedding in all its various branches—they now offer and intend keeping constantly on hand the most extensive assortment of Beds, Bolsters, and Pillows—Carpet Hair Mattresses, all qualities and sizes, &c. &c. &c. that ever was offered in this city, or any other city in the United States. Their ticking is superior to any that ever was imported to this country—and they are determined to give general satisfaction to all who may favor them with their custom, as they intend selling their goods much lower than ever the same quality was sold for in the United States.

Aug 23

For Sale or to Let.

The three story Brick House, No. 152, on the west side of South Tenth street. It will be sold low for cash, or exchanged for a small place in the country.

Apply to

H. S. Tanner, Corner of Fourth and Walnut streets.

July 2—1824

GIGS for Sale.

Several elegant, new and well finished GIGS for sale very cheap. Also, a few second hand ditto—Apply to

John Weaver & Co. No. 84, Arch street.

Aug. 24

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JONAS S. ENOS, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims, to come forward with their accounts properly attested for settlement, to ANN ENOS, Adm'r.

Sept. 10—1824

P. J. WILTBOHN

Offers his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the patronage he has received at the OLD ESTABLISHED LAND OFFICE, No. 149 Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, Philadelphia, and informs them that he has lately entered into co-partnership with JOHN MORTIMER, who has had many years experience as a Conveyancer, which branch will now be added to the former business, and carried on at the old stand under the firm of

Mortimer & Wiltbohn.

Mortimer and Wiltbohn, respectfully solicit a share of the public favor in the above business.

Conveyances, Negotiations for the purchase and sale of real Estate, procuring and placing out money on mortgage, and all commission business entrusted to them shall be transacted with fidelity and dispatch.

Sept. 10—1824

TO LET.

A large three story Brick House and Store, situated No. 202 North 3rd street. Apply to

ALLEN ARMSTRONG, No. 112 Market street.

Aug. 4—1824

A Card.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

DR. CARYALHO,

Corn and Nail Operator, Dentist and Oculist.

From London and Edinburgh.

Respectfully informs the inhabitants of Philadelphia, that the line of his profession is confined to the cure of Corns, which he undertakes to eradicate in four days, as well as preventing hard and troublesome nails from growing into the flesh, without the least pain or hindrance from business to the patient.

Thrush cured for life, without drawing, and the pain immediately removed by the use of his Anti-Scorbutic Lotion, a certain and efficacious remedy, preventing the teeth from decay, causing them to remain firm and white—useful ornaments continually sought for during existence. He has to offer an infallible Balsam for curing any and every disorder to which the human eye is liable, and from the very many cures he has already performed by the sole use of his Ophthalmic Balsam, needs no further recommendation than ocular demonstration of the parties that have been so fortunate as to place themselves under his advice, and used it, to which hundreds have and will testify its utility, in causing a speedy and perfect restoration of the sight, it having succeeded where the most eminent oculists have failed. He offers his further services in the cure of certain complaints of a delicate nature, in different stages, in which he has been successful when deemed incurable by many of the faculty.

He also undertakes to cure effectually the Rheumatism, Ick and Scary, and all inflammations. Secrecy being the basis of his establishment, the greatest confidence may be depended on. Attendance from 9 to 1, and from 3 till 8. His exertions from home at any time that does not interfere with the above arrangement. Every information can be had at his residence, No. 136 North Third street. As several apartments are prepared, patients will not be exposed to each other's observation.

Advice gratis to the unfortunate poor every Monday and Thursday between 10 and 11 o'clock A. M.

* All letters must be post paid.

A list of 12 or 14 years of age wanted to attend at the office.

July 17—1824

FOR SALE

A Valuable Farm.

Situated in Chester County, about 35 miles from the City of Philadelphia, fifteen miles from the Fallowbrook Tavern, and half a mile north of the Little Conestoga Turnpike Road. It consists of sixty acres of Land, in good order; ten of which are Wood Land; and a part of it a good Orchard, containing about 200 Apple Trees, &c. a good stream of water running through it, on which is erected a Saw and Grist Mill.

On this Farm are also erected

Two story Frame House, also a frame barn, stone spring house, and a frame

house situated in a very populous neighborhood and in good situation for the practice of Medicine and in the immediate vicinity of grist mills, coaling mill, fulling mill, and forges, &c. A creek passes through this property, which supplies a grist mill and coaling mill, the pond being immediately adjoining the farm. The stock can be had with the farm at a fair price. For further particulars, apply to Thomas Saxton, on the premises, or to

P. I. Wiltbohn, Land Agents, No. 149 Walnut street.

N. B. The above property will be exchanged for a small property near the Delaware river, either in Pennsylvania or New Jersey, say from 5 to 10 miles from Philadelphia.

July 15—1824

Money to Loan.

In sums of \$500, 1000, 2000, 10000 dollars.

On Mortgage on approved Property.

Apply at the office of

Charles P. Lisle,



Columbian Observer.

PHILADELPHIA:

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1.

RETURN OF VOTES For Presidential Electors, 1824.

COUNTIES.	JACKSON.	CRAWFORD.	ADAMS.	CLAY.
Adams, Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, Berks, Bradford, Bucks, Butler, Cambria, Centre, Clearfield, Chester, Columbia, Crawford, Cumberland, Dauphin, Delaware, Erie, Fayette, Franklin, Greene, Huntingdon, Indiana & Jefferson, Lancaster, Lebanon, Lehigh, Lycoming, Potter, Schuylkill, Somerset, Susquehanna, Tioga, Union, Venango, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Westmoreland, York,	2264	609	1500	108
Philadelphia City,	3634	580	576	91
County,	5898	1189	2076	197
Jackson's present majority over Crawford over Adams over Clay	4709	3822		

Montgomery County.	Jackson.	Adams.	Crawford.	Clay.
Whitmarsh, Lower Merion,	230	9	10	0

Chester County.	Jackson.	Adams.	Crawford.	Clay.
West-Chester District,	111	40	29	25

Lancaster County.	Jackson.	Adams.	Crawford.	Clay.
City District,	687	59	28	

Extract of a Letter dated, Carlisle, Oct. 30.

Dear Sir,
The result of this district election is thus, or nearly so, Jackson 362 votes, Adams 77 votes, Clay 11 votes. Crawford none. The election was small. The other districts of the county are heard from. The Adamsmen made their appearance a few days before, and on the day of election quite scarce, but the people were true to their entreaties.

*Caroline on ordinary cases, can poll 1000 votes; then you see with what confidence the friends of Jackson remained at home.

THIS is no important day in MARYLAND, VIRGINIA, CONNECTICUT, and MASSACHUSETTS; in all which States the Presidential Election takes place. On Wednesday, we shall have Good News from MARYLAND and NEW JERSEY!—God bless the Right.

Jackson's Majorities

Continue to increase in a glorious ratio, as we go into the Country, remote from FACTIONS, and the "well-born and the rich!" The WHOLE MAJORITY will be immense.

OHIO

Is certain for JACKSON. We have before us a detailed exposition of the strength of all the Candidates in the several districts, made by the best informed citizens on the spot, and published by a Committee of that State. The fact is undoubted, and we may rest assured that the HERO will be our next President.

Jackson's Majority over CLAY in PENNSYLVANIA will be about

One Hundred Thousand!!

What a dust the dies made.

The New York Hickey Club has called a meeting of the Citizens of the City and County, friendly to the election of General Jackson, for Friday Evening next, to instruct their representatives in the Legislature, to vote for Electors who will give their suffrages to the "Hero of Two Wars."

The people of Dutchess County, friendly to the Hero, are to meet on the same day, at Poughkeepsie, for the same purpose.

The National Intelligencer says—"At no period have the prospects of Mr. Crawford been brighter. That he had really, really gentlemen, you are so comical."

The People.

It is consolatory, it is cheering to the heart of the Patriot, to look back on our triumph of Friday last, and reflect, on the might, power, and majesty of the PEOPLE, in opposition to intrigue, cabal, and corruption. It is cheering, and amidst the partial success of profligate politicians, would console us, because it demonstrates, that when the People choose, they can put Faction and its Caucus Machinery at defiance, and think and act for themselves. Pennsylvania, on this Presidential Election, has done herself immortal honour, and taken that exalted stand in the Union, to which her strength, power, and resources entitle her. She has set a glorious example to her sisters of the Liberty, prosperity, and permanency of the Republic, in its pristine and unadulterated purity, is secure. We have now happily broken the bonds of servile subserviency to Virginia; and we hope, for the sake of our independence and fame, that they are broken forever, never to be resumed.—If Virginia choose to follow our example as she ought to do, from her boasted pretensions to democracy and patriotism, and elect Jackson, as we have done, why we shall be glad to embrace her with sisterly affection, on equal terms, provided she respects her arrogance, surrenders her dictating and domineering spirit, and moderates that propensity to intrigue and cabal, which has thrown the Union into such feverish commotion, and impregnated the public mind with the destructive poison of profligate politics.

In this state "King Caucus," has received a blow that must crush him forever, and prevent him from ever again raising his scorpion head among us. This blow is a great achievement, a most salutary object gained; were no other good effect to flow from the contest. We congratulate the citizens of Pennsylvania on this triumph of pure principles; and still more, on the palpable manifestation of that intense feeling of patriotism and gratitude, which warms their hearts towards the last Soldier of our Revolution, that they can ever vote for as President of the United States.

One circumstance, however, in the present election remains to be accounted for, as it cannot but excite astonishment that Mr. Crawford should have received a vote so exceedingly small, considering the eminence of his official station, and the organized corps of politicians, who from Senators down to Printers' Devils, were drilled in his support throughout the whole country. In our opinion three causes operated to produce this effect. 1st. Mr. Crawford's imbecility of mental character. 2nd. The known and avowed corruption of his principles. 3d. The just abhorrence of the iniquity of the CAUCUS USURPATION, by the people.

When we reflect on it coolly and maturely, it appears wonderful that any set of men could be so infatuated, as to force an individual on the people, who was so entirely destitute of genius—so wanting in talent—and so deficient even in the mechanical skill necessary to his office, as Mr. Crawford. Unsupported by the possession of those commanding powers of mind, which always exerted admiration and command support, Mr. Crawford's commendation, that exposed the profligacy of his motives to be detected by the shallowest mind, and which, instead of giving force to his pretensions, even weakened the imposing authority of the caucus nomination; and we shall owe the prostration of this corrupt system as much to the imbecility of Mr. Crawford's character, as to the radical depravity of the system itself. Thus circumstanced, Mr. Crawford, notwithstanding his high official character, and a powerful patronage, co-extensive with the boundaries of the Union, and which his ambition prompted him to stretch beyond all honest and constitutional limits, so as to apply the millions of the treasury to the corruption of society, through the instrumentality of banks—intending all this, he could find no feeling in the people that would respond to his claims; because he had rendered them no service they could feel, or indeed in any way appreciate. Vacillation of party politics, a depraved mind even of the feeling of party friendship in the people; and we beheld the extraordinary spectacle of an old federalist of '98 claiming to be a Democrat, at the same time that he was supported by Timothy Pickens, Coleman of New York, and Webster of Boston, as well as many other prominent leaders of the day of reform! Such a candidate, of all the politicians in the world, could not hope to receive support from any considerable portion of an enlightened and honest community. A caucus nomination for such a man carried no force with it—it was like making Seneca Pansa a governor, or placing the crown of Royalty on the head of Pandorus. The caucus for Mr. Crawford only made things worse; and we rejoice that the curse of the caucus fell on Mr. Crawford, far it given to a man of more genius, more honesty, and more popularity, it might have succeeded and periled the liberties of the people. I say nothing of the madness of appending such a man as Mr. Gallatin to the already overloaded corruption of the caucus nomination; but the whole affair proves the authors of it not to possess that character of profound politicians, to which they lay claim.

In respect to the small vote of Mr. Adams, the causes of it are so much on the surface that they hardly allow of exposition. He is the most unpopular man in the country, and justly so—even more unpopular than Mr. Crawford, whom he exceeded in votes owing to the support of the Federalists, the more moderate of which party will always cleave to the Family of that name. "The well-born," and the rich, too, supported the Secretary of State, and hence though less popular than Mr. Crawford he exceeded him in votes. We do not believe that a poor man, or a mechanic in the United States, would vote for John Quincy Adams, unless in a fit of delirium or infatuation.

Of Mr. CLAY's vote we cannot speak without a feeling of pity for his delusion, of abhorrence for his lust of power, and of indignation against the selfish few, who have this, in a moment, slaughtered by fate, and entered his pretensions forever. That he merited his fate, however, is unquestionable. He was made by ambition, intoxicated by flattery—made vindictive by envy—he resolved to rush into the battle, and he has been

overwhelmed—"never to hope again!" Mr. Clay thought he could, at any rate, do mischief; and that to a malicious mind is nourishment—that he could at least inflict a blow on his Great Rival the Hero, and though not successful himself, hinder General Jackson's success. But here he has missed his mark; and we think he will miss it elsewhere.—Once overthrown completely in such a struggle as this and Mr. Clay is extinct—the Oracle will lose his wind in the race, and what is Mr. Clay when not inflated? Like the balloon, he will fall, and in finding his level, he will perhaps find he is not useful.

The immense vote for JACKSON speaks for itself. The People have good feelings, and are not ungrateful. They could not do less for the Soldier of the Revolution—for the Hero of Orleans.

Who will be our Next President?

This is now the interesting question frequently put to us, and we answer with certainty, doubly sure, GENERAL JACKSON!

The State of New York is in that peculiar condition, owing to the discord and distraction consequent to the withdrawal of Crawford and Gallatin, which can only result in her making her Election between Jackson and Adams. When Colonel Young declared his preference for Mr. Clay, he was well acquainted with the fact, that the Caucus Candidates had given up all hopes of succeeding, and would at a proper time withdraw.—Now we well know that Van Buren, and Noah & Co. will support Clay; as they have avowed their determination not to give him any aid in any event whatever. Now we are equally assured, that this party will in no event support Mr. ADAMS. The question then occurs, will they stand alone for Mr. Crawford? If they do, they throw themselves away, and we know that they are men who wish to obtain "the value received," for their support.—The consequence is, that they will come out for the Hero, in preference to Mr. Clay, who must have made his bargain with Cor. Young and his Party, and so cut off from all expectation Van Buren, Noah & Co. We talk of these things as they are. We are now in the flesh Mr. Vet of New York police, and we must discuss the prices, &c.

In the Legislature, who meet this week to choose Electors, we see four Parties, one for Crawford—one for Adams—one for Jackson—one for Clay.—The three last will combine to keep the vote from Crawford, who as he cannot get the whole, will succumb. Then whom will the friends of Crawford support? They say they will not support Adams or Clay—then they will join the friends of Jackson, to keep the vote from ADAMS; and the Crawfordites and Jacksonians can carry an Electoral Ticket, especially as the friends of Adams would prefer Jackson to Clay.—This is the only arrangement, by which the Electors can be chosen, if we believe the several Parties, on their solemn assertion of preferences.—Adams can in no event get the vote, because the others will combine to keep it from him.—In this state of things, our conviction is strong that New York will vote for JACKSON, and thus settle the question, to her own honour, and interest, and to the safety and peace of the Union.

Or the sentiments of our friends, who say we do not entertain a doubt, believing as we do, that a great majority incline towards the Hero. If it depended on them, the ballot box would present an evidence of their patriotism and gratitude, not only gratifying to the honest, but fairly destructive to the corrupt.

We have heard that GENERAL JACKSON is not coming to Philadelphia, as we announced a few days ago. This we regret, but we can confidently say, that he will not be here—at least not at the time we represented.

The Letter of Judge Brooke making denial of the reception of such a letter from Mr. Clay, as Mr. Thompson alleges he read, in a conversation with Col. Swartwout, having excited considerable discussion, we think proper to make a few observations on the nature of the controversy. Judge Brooke admits that Mr. Thompson is a gentleman of great respectability. On our part we can affirm that Col. Swartwout is equally so, as well as Mr. Dayton; and admitting the letter of Judge Brooke to be genuine, which we were inclined to doubt from our first view of it, seeing no name of the person to whom it was addressed, still we see no reason to suspect the representation of Mr. Thompson. It is most likely that Mr. Clay did write such a letter, but having afterwards changed his mind, he wrote a second recanting his first denial, and imposing secrecy. The late movements of the Crawfordites lead to this theory. Of course Judge Brooke would make new ground, and as he could not admit the recent Crawford intrigue with Mr. Clay, his only course was to deny the receipt of such a letter.—And as we have seen much worse actions committed during the present Electoneering campaign by men quite as honorable, and more eminent in the political world than Judge Brooke, we are not aware of doing violence to his character by this supposition.

It is very certain that the Clay movement was very sudden and precipitate—made suddenly in all quarters, and evidently confidential to some unexpected intrigue with the leading friends of Crawford. A short time will develop facts more fully. The Clay Party in New-York have heretofore been the violent enemies of Crawford; especially that faction headed by the New York Statesman. We shall now see whether these gentlemen are so strict and starchy in their principles as they pretend; for if they adhere to Clay, after his corrupt compact and junction with the Crawfordites, it would be laughable to hear them declaim against the People's Rights, and the purity of suffrage. We cannot, ourselves, imagine a more prefigurate alliance, than that between Clay and Crawford, who personally and politically exhibit a compound of imposture, not often met with in our journey through life. How the prurish old maids of the New York Statesman, can reconcile to their consciences, the support of such a character as Mr. Clay, is to us a mystery which we do not pretend to solve.

Major Noah is out about Pennsylvania. He says the race is between Jackson and Crawford here! Now it happens to be between JACKSON and ADAMS, as is proved by the result!

The Boston Gazette, a paper lately opposed to JACKSON, has the following:
"It is now certain that New-Jersey will be unanimous or nearly so, for General Jackson, and his friends claim for him the entire vote of Tennessee, Pennsylvania, Ohio and North Carolina. If an one of the Candidates can be elected by the Electoral votes, it must be General Jackson; it is not possible that any other one can be elected."
Neither Mr. Adams nor Mr. Crawford can look to the result of the election with very sanguine hopes of success."

The Subscribers, members of a Committee appointed by a meeting of the citizens of Philadelphia, on the 21st of July, to examine the operation of a Machine planned by Col. Edward Clark, for propelling vessels over rapids in rivers, and make Report thereon: having seen the Machine in full operation, and being completely satisfied of its usefulness, are ready to make Report, for which purpose they invite the attention of the citizens, who are interested in the welfare of the City, on Wednesday next, the 3d instant, at Hieskell's Hotel, South Fourth street, at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Mathew Carey, Isaiah Lukens, Benjamin Tilghman.

Philada. Nov. 1st, 1824.

The Nations Guest at York.

October the 19th.

The anniversary of the surrender of York was celebrated with appropriate honours. If the civic reception of the 18th was affecting, the military spectacle of the 19th was brilliant and imposing. Soon after breakfast the General walked from his quarters, to the Tent of Washington surrounded by the committee of Arrangement and others. Numbers were then introduced to him, many ladies, the veteran soldiers of the Revolution, citizens from other states and all quarters of Virginia.

Col. Wm. I. Lewis, of Campbell, was introduced to him, and delivered the following address:—

GENERAL LA FAYETTE.

The sons of the mountains join most cordially their low-land Brethren in welcoming your return to this country; they are the more delighted at this particular period, because after an absence of about forty years, you will now be a witness of the happy effects of self government, founded on the natural rights of man—rights, which you so nobly contributed to establish. Little did you think when in youthful age you voluntarily put your life in your hand, and crossed the stormy billows of the deep, to fight and bleed for the independence of America, that the results would have been so wonderful. At that period we were only a handful of people, for in every thing of military importance we were inferior to our British and French conquerors. We fought, and thanks to La Fayette, and his native nation, we conquered!—Now we see the result—we have nearly by the offspring of our own loins increased to more than 10,000,000 of People, cleared the immeasurable forests of savages, and wild beasts, and in their places are cultivating rich fields, building villages, towns, and cities,—our commerce is spread over every sea, and our navy rides triumphant on the Ocean. Such are the effects of free government founded on equal rights supported by wise and meritorious laws executed!—There is but one alloy to our pleasure of meeting you—we dread your return to Europe. The deserts of that country envy your increasing glory, founded on virtue which they cannot imitate, and their political fears may again incarcerate you in the grated walls of a dungeon!—Stay then with us, La Fayette, stay with us—here in every house you will find a home, and in every heart a friend—we will with filial affection rock with gentleness the cradle of your declining age; and when it shall please the God of universal nature to call you to himself, crowned with the blessings of at least one free and mighty nation, we will with holy devotion bury your bones by the side of your adopted and immortal Father, and moisten your tomb with the tears of love and gratitude.

(Signed) WILLIAM J. LEWIS, in behalf of himself and other sons of the Mountains.

The costume and whole appearance of Col. Lewis were striking and interesting. He had on the mountains dress.—On the conclusion of the Address, the General grasped him with both hands, and in the most touching manner begged him to convey to his mountain friends his most affectionate acknowledgments for this testimony of their kindness. He recounted the services which their gallantry had formerly rendered him.—He dwelt with delight upon the interest they now manifested in his happiness.

About 11 o'clock, the procession began to form for the Triumphant Arch erected on the ruins of the Rock Redoubt, standing within six yards of the river's bank. The ceremony of the reception at that most interesting point was pathetic beyond expression. The old General advanced upon the hillock which leads to the Redoubt limping and supported by the Governor with his aids and members of the Committee of Arrangement. A large column of officers and citizens followed them; when La Fayette had reached the Triumphant Arch, General Taylor stepped from the semicircular group which was formed near the river's bank, saluted him with profound respect, and addressed him in the following manner:—

GENERAL.—On behalf of my comrades, I bid you welcome. They come to greet you with no pageantry intended to surprise by its novelty, or dazzle by its splendour; But they bring you General, an offering which wealth could not purchase nor

power constrain. On this day associated with so many thrilling recollections; on this spot consecrated by successful valour they come to offer you this willing homage of their hearts.

Judge, General of their feelings, at this moment by your own. Every thing around them speaks alike to their senses and sensibilities.—Those plains where the peaceful plowshare has not yet effaced the traces of military operations, these half decayed ramparts; this ruined village, in which the bombs' havoc is still every where visible, tell us of past warfare; and remind us of that long, arduous and doubtful struggle, on the issue of which depended the emancipation of our country.

On yonder hillock, the last scene of blood was closed by the surrender of an army; and the liberty of our nation permanently secured. With what resistless eloquence does it persuade our gratitude and admiration for the gallant heroes, to whose noble exertions we owe the countless blessings which our free institutions have conferred upon us?

The spot on which we stand was once a redoubt occupied by our enemy. With how rapid a pencil does imagination present the blooming chieftain, by whom it was wrested from his grasp! Can we be here and forget, that superior to the prejudices which then enchain even noble minds, he perceived in the first and almost hopeless struggles of a distant and obscure colony, the movement of that moral power which was destined to give a new direction and character to political institutions, and to improve human happiness? Can we forget, that deaf to the solicitations of power, of rank, and of pleasure, with a noble prodigality, he gave to our country his sword, his treasure, and the influence of his example.

And when in the aged warrior who stands before us, we recognise that youthful chieftain, with what rapidity does memory retrace the incidents of his eventful life! With what pleasure do we see his manhood realize the promise of his youth? In Senates or in Camps, in the palaces of Kings, or in their dungeons, we behold the same erect and manly spirit. At one time tempering the licentiousness of popular feelings; at another restraining the extravagance of power; and always regardless of every thing but the great object of his life, the moral and political improvement of mankind.

GENERAL.—In the brightest days of antiquity, no artificial stimulus of rank or power, or wealth, was required to excite noble minds to acts of generous daring. A wreath of laurel or oak was at once the proof and the reward of illustrious merit. For this, statesmen meditated, warriors bled, and eloquence soared to its sublimest heights. The prize was invaluable; for, it was won only by merit. It detracted, however, somewhat from its worth, that it was conferred by the partiality of compatriots, and in the fervor of admiration inspired by recent success.

Your life, General, illustrious throughout in this also is distinguished. Time which dims the lustre of ordinary merit, has rendered yours more brilliant. After a lapse of near half a century, your triumph is decreed by the sons of those who witnessed your exploits.

Deign then, General, to accept the simple but expressive token of their gratitude and admiration. Suffer their leader to place upon your veteran brow the only crown it would not disdain to wear, the blended emblems of civic virtue and martial prowess. It will not pain you, General, to perceive some scattering sprigs of melancholy Cypress intermingled with the blended leaves of laurel and oak.—Your heart would turn from us with generous indignation, if on an occasion like this, amid the joyous acclamations which greet you every where, were heard no sighs of grateful recollection for those gallant men who shared your battles, but do not, cannot share your triumph. The wreath which our gratitude has woven to testify our love for you, will lose nothing of its fragrance or its verdour, though time hang upon its leaves some tears of pious recollection of the friends of your early youth: in war, the avenger, in peace, the father of his country.

In behalf then, of all the chivalry of Virginia; on this redoubt, which his valor wrested from the enemy at the point of the bayonet; I place on the head of Major General LA FAYETTE, this wreath of double triumph: won by numerous and illustrious acts of martial prowess, and by a life devoted to the happiness of the human race. In their names, I proclaim him alike victorious in arms and acts of civil policy. In bannered fields, a hero in civil life, the benefactor of mankind.

La Fayette was deeply affected. There was a solemn earnestness in his manner, a touching sensibility in his whole countenance, which most deeply impressed every observer. Many wept—all were moved. When Gen. T. had closed his address, he was about to fix the civic Wreath upon the General's head.—But the considerate Veteran, always himself, always attentive to the slightest proprieties of word and action, caught the hovering wreath as it approached his brow with his right hand, and respectfully bowing, dropt it to his side, when he thus replied:

Gen. La Fayette's reply to Gen. Taylor.

I most cordially thank you, my dear General and your companions in arms, for your affectionate welcome, your kind recollection, and the flattering expression of your friendship. Happy I am to receive them on these already ancient lines where the united armies of America and France have been gloriously engaged in a Holy Alliance to support the rights of American Independence, and the sacred principle of the sovereignty of the people. Happy also to be so welcomed on the particular spot where my dear light infantry comrades acquired one of their honorable claims to public love and esteem. You know, sir, that in this business of storming

redoubts, with unloaded arms, and fixed bayonets, the merit of the deed is in the soldiers who execute it, and to each of them, I am anxious to acknowledge their equal share of honor. Let me, however, with affection and gratitude, pay a special tribute to the gallant name of Hamilton, who commanded the attack, to the three field officers who seconded him, Gimai, Laurent and Fish, the only surviving ones my friend now near me. In their name my dear General, in the name of the light infantry, those we have lost as well as those who survive, and only in common with them, I accept the crown with which you are pleased to honor us, and I offer you the return of the most grateful acknowledgments.

When he had closed he gave a new proof of the rapidity of his conceptions, the generosity of his soul, the uniform modesty of his character. The very moment he concluded, (never having been prepared for such a scene, never having seen the address, never having suspected the presentation of the wreath,) he turned round and drew Col. Fish to the front. "Here, (he exclaimed,) half of this wreath belongs to you." "No sir, it is all your own." "Then" (said La Fayette, putting it into Col. Fish's hand) "take it and preserve it as our common property."

(TO BE CONCLUDED.)

Dinner to Mr. Eaton.

NASHVILLE, Oct. 12th, 1824.

Hon. John H. Eaton, Sir.—The undersigned, Committee on behalf of the citizens of Nashville, respectfully solicit the pleasure of your company at a dinner, at Mr. Groomer Small's, on Friday, the 15th inst. 3 o'clock, given as a testimonial of the high respect they entertain for you as a man, and the confidence they repose in your abilities as Senator in Congress from the State of Tennessee.

Be pleased to accept of the joint and individual assurances of the high respect and consideration with which we are,

Your most obedient servants,
John Somerville,
Robert Woods,
James Stewart,
John Bell, Committee.

NASHVILLE, Oct. 12th, 1824.

Gentlemen.—The invitation you have presented to me, in behalf of the citizens of Nashville and its vicinity, to a public dinner on Friday next, is received. To me, this testimonial of your respect and confidence is highly flattering, and is with pleasure accepted of.

With very great respect,

JOHN H. EATON.

Messrs. John Somerville, Robert Woods, James Stewart, John Bell, Committee.

The company was numerous and highly respectable. Several distinguished guests, Gen. Jackson, Gov. Blount, Gen. Coffee, Houston, &c. were present. The dinner was excellent—the wine good—the toasts—but the public may judge of them themselves.

TOASTS.

1. The Constitution of the United States.—A guarantee of the greatest possible order, with the greatest possible freedom.

2. Washington.—The founder of a new order of ambition, whose object is not the individual, but the species—not the despotism of one, but the liberty of all.

3. La Fayette.—The grateful feeling that now breathes such distinguished honours upon one hero of the Republic, will not permit another to go unrecalled.

4. The memory of his wife died at Milledgeville.—He too left his native land, and the enjoyment of wealth and title to fight the battles of freedom in a foreign land.

5. A member of the American Congress.—The chosen delegate of freemen. His seat is more honorable than the throne of Kings.

6. Our Guest John H. Eaton, (Mr. Eaton having retired).—The modesty of his department has justly endeared him to his friends, while his talents and public services have given him the confidence of his country.

7. Andrew Jackson, (having retired).—His deeds are before the people. The age in which he lives will borrow lustre from his name, and time will cast a glory round his memory.

8. War.—A national calamity, except in defence of national rights. To prepare for it is to avoid it.

9. Kentucky. In the late war, was first to bleed, and first to triumph. Here moral and physical condition proclaim her the keystone of the Western arch: she will not break its order and harmony in the approaching election.

10. John Q. Adams.—The scholar and the statesman.

11. John C. Calhoun.—In Congress or in the Cabinet, an honour to the nation.

12. Desai Chitpa.—Under his inventive genius and patriotic spirit, nature changes her features and New York seems a NATON.

13. Henry Clay.—The splendor of his oratory and his liberal politics, have endeared him to the American people. He will not now, by one false step, estrange their affections forever.

14. William H. Crawford.—Too heavy for the caucus, too light for the people.—The one sunk under him, the other cannot grasp him.

15. Secretary of the Navy.—He is too late in the Cabinet to understand aught of intrigue—honesty is the policy that guides him.

16. The Post-master General.—His services in Congress and the abilities with which he has discharged the duties of his present office, afford favorable presages of his future usefulness to his country.

Our limits, we regret to say, will not permit us to insert the volunteer toasts this week.

Adams Meeting in Middlesex, N. J.

Public notice was recently given, that a meeting of the friends of Adams, would take place in New-Brunswick. We are informed by a gentleman from that place that there were but SEVEN persons attended. So much for the popularity of Mr. Adams in that part of the State.

Trent Emp.

All the buoys, beacons &c. carried away during the late hurricane in our river and its vicinity have been replaced, with the exception of the bar buoy and the spindle in the lake.

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Victory of the Patriots in Peru.

By an arrival at Baltimore, accounts have been received of a splendid victory obtained by the cavalry of the Patriots, under the immediate command of Bolivar, over the Royalists cavalry under Canterac. The affair took place on the plains of Junin, within 9 miles of Reges. The Royalists were 1000 strong and the Patriots but 400, of the former 235 were left on the field of battle and 80 taken prisoners. The Patriots lost 60 killed. They captured upwards of 300 excellent horses and their equipments—Official account to-morrow.

General LA FAYETTE arrived at Richmond, Virginia, on Tuesday last, amidst torrents of rain. The contemplated procession was consequently deferred till the next day. A great dinner, however, was given to him at the Eagle on Tuesday. The city was full of strangers, and was beautifully decorated for the reception of "the nation's guest."

From an English Paper.

La Fayette in America.

"We would not compare La Fayette's reception in America to the visit of his Majesty to Ireland, because the Irish were grateful by anticipation, and the Americans by recollection; and every one knows that the expectation of favors to come is the warmest and most propitious sort of gratitude. Neither could we compare it to the Duke of Buckingham's tour, in which he has honored the Western Isles by his presence, as it is written in the Scotch and English papers—because La Fayette is not so great a man as the Duke, having never been anything greater than a Marquis; a title which he has renounced, no doubt because he did not feel himself worthy of it, never having been the knight of the most noble Order of the Garter, nor proprietor of boroughs, nor the patriarch of a tribe of place-holders, nor anything more than an honest, able, and courageous man, who from youth to age has devoted himself steadily to what he conceives to be the improvement of mankind, spending, fortune, health, comfort, ease, and receiving nothing else in return but the approbation of his conscience, and of those who think well of him—sowing and reaping not; a course of conduct very different from the notion of greatness."

"Still in his little way La Fayette may be proud of his reception in America. Nearly 50 years ago, when a young man, he devoted himself with his fortune, to the cause of American Independence. He now sees America independent, increased six fold in population, and tenfold in wealth and power; and though possessing what is, by the best authorities in this country, called 'no government,' or 'an absurdity,' in fact, governing herself, yet fond, as Shakespeare expresses it, 'of her most filthy bargain.' He is received now by the venerable survivors of those who fought with him,—the men who have made a small colony a great, and, as he and they imagine, a well constituted State. It would have been much greater in La Fayette to have done much less for America, and to have done more for himself; he might then have had the satisfaction of being envied by a number of his own hirelings instead of grateful freemen; he might have been covered with ribbons, and contempt, and all titles, except that to the world's respect, and might have left a huge fortune to be dissipated or increased by a son as worthless as the father, and have been lauded by all loyal journals throughout Europe."

Charleston, (S. C.) October 22.

Steam boat Columbia Sunk.

The steam boat Columbia, Capt. Clark, with one ton boat, left the wharf at 5 o'clock on Thursday last for Georgetown and Cheraw as she proceeded by the inland passage or within two miles of Sullivan's Island, there anchored both head and stern. During the early part of the night it was discovered that she had grounded and had taken a considerable heel to the larboard side and gradually slid off into deep water, which rushed into her ports when she soon filled and sunk, it then being about 12 o'clock at night. Mrs. Rantin and daughter, wife of Mr. William Rantin, formerly of this city, and a wench and child, belonging to Mr. John McDonald, of Cheraw, who were in the cabin, were unfortunately drowned. Mr. Flagg, and Dr. Hume, also passengers, as well as all the crew, were, with much difficulty saved. The Columbia had a trifling value of cargo, in her cabin, which together with most of the baggage of the passengers and crew remains on board, but in all probability will be saved, as hopes are entertained that the Boat may be raised. Capt. Clark states that he had a full watch on deck, but from the sudden filling of the Columbia, it was even with difficulty that their lives were saved. The Columbia, we understand, is insured in New York. It was impossible for the gentlemen passengers and crew of the boat, to save the females in the cabin—all possible efforts were made, but they were fruitless, and it was with very great difficulty that they saved themselves.

The Mail between Worcester and Sturbridge, (Mass.) was robbed of part of its contents on the evening of the 23d ult. supposed by a man calling himself Smith, the only passenger in the stage. He is described as a man of middling stature, about 30 years old, and a foreigner. Fifty dollars have been offered for his apprehension by the Postmaster of Worcester.

A letter received from Hopkinsville, Ky. mentions that Mr. George Locust was stabbed there, on the 11th inst. by Mr. Warfield, lately cashier of the Branch Bank of Kentucky in that place, and died of the wound on the same day. The act was perpetrated at about 3 o'clock in the

morning, the parties having passed the night in drinking port. What controversy or provocation produced such a fatal result is not mentioned.

Baltimore, Oct. 30.

The awful sentence of justice was carried into execution yesterday, about twelve o'clock, upon the persons of negroes George and Henry, who had been convicted at a recent session of Baltimore County Court of one of the most atrocious crimes, committed under circumstances of horrible aggravation. The execution, by hanging, took place publicly, in the goal yard, in the view of a large number of spectators.

American.

In Joint meeting, yesterday morning, the following among other appointments were made:—
Hon. Isaac H. Williamson, Governor.
Charles Ewing, esq. Chief Justice of the State of New-Jersey, in the place of Hon. A. Kirkpatrick.
John T. Blackwell, Clerk of Hunterdon.

The Post Office will be open on Wednesday and Friday evenings, from six to seven o'clock, for the delivery of letters received on those evenings by the Reading Mail.

MARRIED.

On the 29th ultimo, by John Shaw, Esq. Mr. AARON CADWALLADER, to Miss MARIA BETTELL, both of Montgomery county, and state of Pennsylvania.
On Saturday evening, by the Rev. Bishop Conwell, Mr. SEBASTIAN HENNING, to Mrs. JANE CECILIA CHAUVEAU—both of this City.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Sunday morning, the 31st Oct. after a lingering illness, Mr. JOSEPH ANDREWS, Merchant of this City, in the 71st year of age. His friends and acquaintances are particularly invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, corner of Second and Calhoun streets, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, without further notice.
Died, yesterday morning, after a short illness, Mr. WILLIAM T. THOMAS, Son of the late John Thomas, of Baltimore.
Died, at St. Louis, Missouri, on the 27th of September, Miss JULIANA WILT, youngest daughter of the late Mr. Abraham Wilt, of this City, of an Indolent Bilious Fever.

Died, in the city of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, on Sunday morning the 14th of October, Mrs. ANN M. JAMIESON, in the 31st year of her age.
Died, at Arkansas, on the 3d ult. Mr. JOHN M. KENZIE, a native of Scotland, in the 80th year of his age. Mr. K. was one of the few remaining adventurers who accompanied the celebrated circumnavigator, Capt. Cook, in his first voyage around the world. He emigrated to the United States 30 or 40 years ago, and during the greater part of that period resided in the State of Georgia, but for some years past, has been a resident of Jackson, Missouri, where his family now reside.
Died, at Alexandria, on the evening of the 20th inst., General ROBERT YOUNG, for many years a highly respectable merchant of Alexandria.

Died, at Charleston, S. C. on the 14th ult. of the Fever prevailing there, Mrs. SARAH COAT, daughter of Anthony Simmons, of this City.

SALES BY AUCTION.

Abstract of Sales, which are to take place this day and to-morrow.
Dry Goods, 9 o'clock this Evening, No. 29, North Front street.
Groceries, 11 o'clock to-morrow, No. 34, South Front street.
Hardware, This Evening, No. 32, South Front street.
Books, This Evening, No. 32, South Front street.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED.

Brig Sea Horse, Tilden, St. John, P. R. 10 days—coffee and sugar, Kitchin and Lockhart. Left, brig Bevan, M. Kenzie, for Philadelphia, in 10 days. Brig Commerce, of New York, uncertain; schr. Rabbit, of Boston, just arrived; schr. Hero, of Boston, just arrived from Baltimore; schr. of Boston, uncertain.
Schr. Tassel, Harrison, Port au Plat, 9 days—coffee, &c. Smith and Stewardson. Sailed in co. schr. Marion, Messeny, of Charleston, bound to New York. Left, brig John and Edward, Greenleaf, of Portland, to sail for Hamburg next day; British brig Augusta, Bruce, of and for Greenock, to sail in 10 days. Lat. 36, 30, long. 74, 20, spoke the packet ship Calhoun, from Charleston for New York.

Ship Langdon Chevis, Baker, Charleston 7 days, cotton to Smith and Stewardson.
Brig Juno, Miller, Rum Key, 14 days, salt to J. Clayton.
Schr. George, Pettit, Folly Landing, 5 days, grain, &c.
Ship Flash, Smith, New York, 3 days, grain, &c.
Ship Proof Glass, Smith, New York, 3 days, grain, &c.

BELOW.

A ship, 4 brigs, and 3 schooners.

CLEARED.

Ship Charles, Dove, Cape Haytien.
Brig Margaret, Bartleson, Matanzas.
Schr. Caroline, Medlin, Havana.
Schr. George, Johnson, Suffolk.
Wm. Penn, Rogers, Boston.
Naomi, Lafferty, Norfolk.
Caterpillar, Kelly, New York.
Exchange, Wilson, Alvarado.
Sloop Lydia Ann, Eliza, Ireland, Salem.
Interpret, Snow, New York.
Brig Sarah York, hence, at St. Kitts, on the 9th inst.

COLUMBIA BRIG PORTIA, Chase, hence, for Laguna, was spoken off St. Marks, 17 days out.

Schr. Mary Washington, Rae, hence at Kingston, on the 9th inst.

Left the brig Mena, on her passage from Port Levee for this port, on the 29th ult. at half past 7 P. M. stuck on a reef of rocks in lat. 16, long. 78, called El Camboy or Bingles. The Captain with three seamen and two boys, who volunteered their services, left the wreck in the jolly boat, and after a passage of four days and three nights, reached South Negro Hill Bay, (Jum) and from thence to Savannah in Mar, where he obtained on the 28th day a schooner, to go to the relief of the sufferers. The persons left were the two mates, cook and steward, carpenter, 3 seamen, a boy belonging to Philadelphia, named John Gailger.

N. B. A Register is kept expressly for entering Farms, City Property, and Ground Rents, free of expense.

Also, Insolvent's Bonds and Petitions carefully and legally drawn, and their business attended to throughout, on advantageous terms, and generally in the performance of all duties and services where in the aid of an agent or attorney may be convenient or useful.

Charles P. Lisle.

Oct. 8

Brig Mars, Del'ner, 19 days from Havana, with sugar, hides, coffee, fruit, &c.
Brig David Moffit, Rowland, 3 days from Philadelphia, bound to Buenos Ayres, sprang a leak, 2 days out, and put in here to repair.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 30.

Cleared, ships Dunfries, Hancock, Pacific Ocean, Amazon, Vintona, Waterford, brig Arcadia, Havana, the masters, scho. North America, Smith, Nassau, N. P. Sampson, Allen, St. Finneas, sloop Enterprise, Clark, St. Augustine.

Hickory Club, No. 1.

For the City and County of Philadelphia.
A stated meeting of the Club will be held this Evening, at 7 o'clock, at Holt's Hotel, Chestnut street.
HENRY S. HUGHES, Sec'y.
November 1.

Mechanics' Bank of the City and County of Philadelphia.

NOTICE.
The Directors have this day declared a dividend of three and a half per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, which will be paid to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, after the 10th inst. THOS. FITCH, Cashier.
Philad. Nov. 1, 1824.

CIRCUS.

This Evening, November 1.

The performance to commence with a NEW GRAND ENTREE.—Still Vaulting.
Horseman'ship, by Mr. Yeaman and Masters Secret, and Sprayer.
Horseman'ship, by Mrs. Williams, Clown, Mr. Williams.
Stunt Rope, by Mr. Stoker.

To conclude with the Grand Melo-Dramatic Spectacle of

The Cataract of the Ganges; Or, the

Rajah's Daughter.

With new and splendid scenery, Machinery, Dresses, Embellishments, Vocal Music, Dances, &c. The Equestrian department under the direction of Messrs. Lawson and Rogers.
Arkbar, (Emperor of Delhi) Mr. Somerville; Jam Sahib, Mr. Jones; Mokarra, Mr. Gale; Isam, Mr. Isherwood; Mokarra, Mr. Blakey; Moudant, Mr. Dineford; Jack Robinson, Mr. Cowell; Princess Dessa, (daughter of the Emperor) Mrs. Herbert; Matari, Mrs. Jones; Ubra, Mrs. Thompson; Zamine, Mrs. Robertson.
Scene 1st—Fort of Battin, 2d. The Cottage of Mokarra, 3d. Apartment in the Palace of the Rajah, 4th. Romantic retreat of Jack Robinson among the rocks; burning of Robinson's hut. 5th. Apartment in the Palace. 6th. Magnificent interior of the Temple of Hindoo, on the Mount of Canby—the back part of the stage is entirely open, and gives an idea of the Gulf of Canby below, from which issues the Imperial Bridal Procession. Grand Military Band. Mokarra and Zamine in a magnificent Car, drawn by six Horses, three a breast! Act 2d, scene 6th. The sacred wood of Hindooism in flames; the trees are consumed and discover the Terrible Cataract of REEL, H. J. YER, supposed to form the source of the Ganges.

To prevent confusion and delay at the doors, the public are respectfully recommended to purchase Tickets in the day time at the office, open from 10 until 3 o'clock.

Doors open at a quarter past 6 o'clock, and performance to commence at a quarter past 7.
Box Tickets 50 cents—Pit 25 cents—Children under 10 years of age, with families, admitted to the Boxes at half price.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the estate of JOHN FRIES, late merchant of the city of Philadelphia, are requested to make payment, and those who have demands against said estate, will please present them for settlement.
JOHN V. CLARK, Nov. 1—d1m
No. 167, Arch street, Executors.
CHARLES ROBERTS.

Hope Hose Company.

A stated meeting of the Company will be held at New Market Hall, on Thursday evening next, at 7 o'clock.
C. O. MULLER, Sec'y.
Nov. 1.

PAPER MAKERS.

The Subscribers are in want of a Fat Man, a Cauter and two Engines. To persons well skilled in these branches of the paper business, of regular habits, and who can bring satisfactory recommendations, constant employment and customary wages will be given on immediate application to
S. & W. Meeteer,
Newark, Delaware.
P. S. None but first rate workmen need apply.
Nov. 1—mwt.

CLASSICAL EDUCATION.

BY F. KARLIN.

No. 77 Arch, or 1 Broad street, at the Franklin Academy.

ORDER OF LESSONS.
On every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings a class of gentlemen in Latin, from half past 6 till 8. Also a class of gentlemen from 8 till 10.

On every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings, a class of Ladies in French, from 6 till 7. A class of gentlemen in Latin from 7 till 8. And a class of gentlemen in French from half past 8 till 10.

TERMS.
For one year 12 dollars.
For one quarter only 6 do.

A class of gentlemen in German at the University on every Tuesday and Thursday from half past 1 until 3, and on Saturdays from a quarter after 12 till half past 1.

He also teaches in the Academies of the Rev. Dr. Wylie and Engles, Mr. Douglass and Mr. Duncan—He gives also private lessons.
Sept 22—mwt

SHARES IN THE

Franklin Circulating Library.

For sale at the Office of the Observer.

may 8—mwt

Wanted.

A situation as Journeyman Miller, by a young man who is fully competent in that line of occupation. A fine address to J. D. and left at No. 111, Race street, will meet with immediate attention.
Oct. 30—mwt

Land Agent, Broker and Conveyancer's Office.

No. 7, North Sixth st. a few doors above Market.

THE Subscriber offers his services to his friends and the public in the purchase and sale of Real Estate, and Agency Business in general, enclosing of Writings, posting of Books, adjusting the accounts of Executors, Administrators, Assignees, &c. drawing of Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Agreements, Bills of Sale, Assignments, Powers of Attorney, Apprentices Indentures, Articles of Co-partnership, Leases, and all other writings in the line of Conveyancing, procuring and putting out Money on interest, and discounting promissory Notes.

N. B. A Register is kept expressly for entering Farms, City Property, and Ground Rents, free of expense.

Also, Insolvent's Bonds and Petitions carefully and legally drawn, and their business attended to throughout, on advantageous terms, and generally in the performance of all duties and services where in the aid of an agent or attorney may be convenient or useful.

Charles P. Lisle.

Oct. 8

Allegorical Representation

OF THE

TREATY OF GUENT,

ON A LARGE

Mechanical Organ.

Manufactured by MICHAEL MUCKLE, in Philadelphia, recording the most glorious event in the American History.

To be seen for a short time, at No. 293, North Second street, from 9 in the morning, until 10 o'clock in the evening.

Admission, first piece, 10 cents; second, 25 cts. Children under 12 years of age, half price.

This Organ contains a great number of Figures, which are executed beautifully, moving naturally as if alive, in so ingenious a manner as most astonishing and delight the admiring Spectators.

Minerva, presenting the wisdom of the United States, dictates the conditions of peace.

Mercury, representing their commerce, presents them to Britannia.

Heaven's forces her to accept, Britannia intimates by her motions her acceptance of the Treaty.

History records the names of American Heroes on an Obelisk; Fame proclaims their deeds.

America passes triumphantly in the Temple of Peace; she is in a char drawn by four horses, which have the names of life—she is attended by Victory, and followed by a numerous Train. Several Trophies are seen, and in the background the Capitol, Musical Bands, Parties of Dancers, the flying American Eagle, and other figures are presented in a lively manner.

The maker of this Machine respectfully solicits the patronage of those who delight in encouraging the arts and sciences, as it has cost him considerable time and labour to complete it.

July 6—mwt

YOUNG & BAKER,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

Have Removed their Brass Establishment from No. 424 North Third street, into

SECOND STREET.

Just before the Globe Hall, or Craig's Factory.

Where they intend carrying on the Brass business, in all its various branches. As heretofore, all orders in their line will be thankfully received and promptly attended to.

N. B. Brass castings of every description neatly executed at the shortest notice, and very reduced prices.

Young & Baker.
Orders left with Adams & Jewell, No. 68 Market street, will receive immediate attention.
An Apprentice Wanted.
July 31

St. Mary's Church.

Just published and for sale by H. C. GAREY & L. E. J. An Address, explanatory and vindicatory, to both parties of the Congregation of St. Mary's. By the

Rev. T. J. O'MALLEY, Officiating Pastor.

"With those who hated peace, was I peaceful," psalm 119. Oct. 23—d1f.

NOTICE.

Mechanics Bank of the City and County of Philadelphia.

The Stockholders are hereby notified, that an Election for thirteen Directors to serve for one year, will be held at their Banking House, on Monday the 15th day of November next, to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. and close at 3 o'clock P. M.

Thomas Fitch, Cash'r.
Philadelphia, Oct. 15, 1824—d15N.

EVENING SCHOOL.

At No. 5, Appletree Alley.
Oct. 21

The original Historical Portrait of

Gen. Jackson.

This Portrait was painted by SELLY, for which the General sat 1 1/2 feet. He visited this City, and is at the suggestion of several persons offered for disposal on the following plan:—That on the subscribing of forty persons at five dollars each, the then owner will be ascertained by lot or otherwise agreeably to the company, at the Coffee House.

—Due notice of the time will be given to each subscriber.—The Painting may be seen at No. 56, Walnut street; where Subscribers names will be received, and also at this Office.

Oct. 27—d1f.

Red Men's Rifle Corps.

The Committee of arrangement will meet every Thursday evening, at the house of William Muirhead, Burns Tavern, Bank street, to receive the signatures of such Brethren as wish to become members.

A full uniform can be seen at the above place.
By order of Capt. KNORR.
Oct. 21.

Perseverance Hose Company.

A stated Meeting will be held at the usual place, on Tuesday Evening next, the 2nd inst. at 6 1/2 o'clock.
PETER FRITZ, Sec'y.
Oct. 29

New England Society.

A semi-annual meeting of the "NEW ENGLAND SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA" will be held at Judd's Hotel, on Tuesday next, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

JONATHAN FOWLE, Jr. Sec'y.
Oct. 30—d1f

Third Company Citizen Volunteers.

Will hold a Court of Appeal, (agreeably to Law) on Monday next, November 1st, at Read's Hotel, 95 North Third street, between the hours of 3 and 7 P. M.—By order.

Charles W. Schreiner, Capt.
Oct. 27

To Rent,

A front Office, and also, either separate or together, two Rooms. Inquire at No. 2, North Seventh street.

Notice to Creditors.

E. S. Talmage of the City of Philadelphia, died on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1824, make and execute an assignment of all his estate in trust: Among other things for the benefit of such of his creditors, as shall within sixty days from the date of the assignment, execute a release of their respective claims. Notice is hereby given that a release to the above effect, is deposited with the subscriber. All persons indebted to the said E. S. Talmage, are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims, to present them to William Talmage, 172, Race street.

WILLIAM TALMAGE.
Oct. 29—3f

Teachers and country Merchants,

Supplied on the most liberal terms, with all the School Books in general use, particularly with Smiley's Geography and Atlas, and Sacred Geography for Schools. Also Torrey's Pleading Companion for little Girls and Boys, at GRIGGS', Wholesale and Retail Book and Stationary Store, No. 9, North Fourth street. Oct. 29—3dcpit

Wanted Immediately.

A White woman to do Plain Cooking, and as pit in the house work of a small Family; also a girl, or Young woman, to wait, and take care of a child—Liberal wages will given. Enquire at the second house above Chestnut in Broad street.

Oct. 29—d1f.

PATENT

CARBONATED

SARSAPARILLA MEAD,

SOLD BY APPOINTMENT AT

WILLIAM MARRIOTT'S

Drug and Chemical Store, No. 46, north

Fifth, near Arch street.

Where neither attention nor expense will be wanted to render it as perfect as possible.

W. M. having introduced this salutary beverage to the attention of the public, deems it but justice to say it has met the decided approbation of many of the most eminent of the medical faculty.

In fact the many and well known invaluable properties of Sarsaparilla have long placed it among the first of purgative medicines.

Its unobscured earthy sensation and taste have been with many an insurmountable objection to its use, but in its present form these disagreeable attributes are eliminated, and the ingredients which enter into its composition to effect that intention possessing tonic properties, their union must produce a happy influence over the debilitated system, and afford to those in the bloom and vigor of health a soda, lively and refreshing as that from the Seltzer, Dougl, or Mineral fountain.

Those who are afflicted with languor, debility, or general emaciation will find in this a happy restorative.

In cases of cutaneous affections, its good effects have been evidenced by the removal of pimples and eruptions from the face in a short time.

Its general beneficial influence will doubtless induce parents to recommend it to their children, particularly where goodness of habit predominates. And may it not be readily inferred, that the distressing eruptions which arise from that nearly curable, complaint termed Indigestion or dyspepsia, are in some cases, and perhaps permanently relieved in the assistance rendered to it by its use? It is found to act much lighter on the stomach than any artificial summer drink, hitherto offered to the public, not producing that painful sensation incident to the use of most others, when taken in the proportionate quantities. Its action on the system is imperceptible, and its novel and peculiar taste by reputation becomes delightful.

7 mo 12

Classical Department

OF THE

EPISCOPAL ACADEMY,

located between 9th and 10th sts.

BALLANTINE, and CARSON, PROPRIETORS.

The business of this Academy was resumed on Monday, the 23d inst. In this institution are taught the Latin, Greek and Hebrew Languages, Ancient and Modern History, Mythology, the composition of Latin in prose and verse, English Grammar with Composition, Arithmetic, Ancient and Modern Geography, with the Use of the Globes, Astronomy, and all the practical branches of the Mathematics.

The course of instruction in this Academy is directed either to admission with credit, into any of our Colleges, or an advantageous preparation for immediately commencing Professional or Mercantile pursuits. Apply to either of the subscribers.

WILLIAM BALLANTINE, At the Academy.

JOHN CARSON, No. 195, Walnut street.

aug. 30—m1f

JACKSON FREE AND EASY.

C. BAKER, thankful for the encouragement and attendance given to his Free and Easy last season, respectfully informs his friends and those who wish to spend an hour in social mirth and glee, that his Free and Easy will commence on Saturday evening next, to continue open every Saturday evening during the season.

Ye who delight in mirth and glee, My Free and Easy come and see; Sweet Music here with songs around, Good entertainment will be found; My wish shall be you all to please, Enjoy yourselves—spend at your ease.

Oct. 14—thm1w

FREE AND EASY.

Burns Tavern—Bank street.

